Supplementary Materials for

Design and preclinical assessment of mRNA-1345 prefusion F glycoprotein-encoding mRNA vaccine for respiratory syncytial virus

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		mRNA-1777 ³⁰		mRNA-1172 ³¹		mRNA-1345 ^{45, 46}	
		RSV-A nAb	RSV-B nAb	RSV-A nAb	RSV-B nAb	RSV-A nAb	RSV-B
		GMFR (95% CI)	GMFR (95% CI)	GMFR range	GMFR range	GMFR (95% CI)	GMFR (95% CI)
Younger adults	Placebo	1.2 (0.9, 1.6)	1.2 (0.9, 1.5)	4.0-6.4 ^b	2.43.6 ^b	0.9 (0.8, 1.1)	0.9 (0.7, 1.1)
	25 µg	1.6 (1.3, 1.9)	1.8 (1.5, 2.2)			N/A	N/A
	50 µg	N/A	N/A			20.5 (13.6, 30.9)	14.4 (9.6, 21.8)
	100 µg	2.7 (2.1, 3.4)	2.4 (1.8, 3.4)			22.3 (14.9, 33.5)	11.7 (6.7, 20.3)
	200 µg	3.9 (3.1, 4.9)	3.1 (2.3, 4.3)			20.0 (14.0, 28.6)	13.9 (8.1, 23.9)
Older adults ^a	Placebo	1.2 (1.0, 1.4)	1.2 (0.9, 1.6)	3.7-7.8 ^c	2.5-4.3 ^c	1.2 (1.0, 1.3)	1.1 (1.0, 1.3)
	12.5 μg	N/A	N/A			10.2 (7.2, 14.5)	5.3 (3.7, 7.5)
	25 µg	1.7 (1.3, 2.3)	1.7 (1.3, 2.3)			12.2 (8.9, 16.6)	6.6 (4.9 <i>,</i> 8.9)
	50 µg	N/A	N/A			12.0 (8.8, 16.5)	9.0 (6.8 <i>,</i> 11.8)
	100 µg	4.3 (3.2, 5.9)	2.2 (1.7, 2.7)			14.1 (10.2, 19.5)	9.6 (7.3 <i>,</i> 12.6)
	200 µg	3.0 (2.4, 3.9)	3.1 (2.2, 4.4)			16.5 (12.3,22.3)	12.5 (9.1, 17.2)
	300 µg	3.6 (2.5, 5.1)	2.9 (2.2, 4.0)			N/A	N/A

Supplementary Table 1. Serum neutralizing antibody GMFR at 1 month after vaccination with mRNA-1777, mRNA-1172, and mRNA-1345 in healthy adults

^aOlder adults were aged 65-79 years for mRNA-1345 and 60-79 years for mRNA-1172 and mRNA-1777.

^bGMFR range across all administered doses (100 μg, 200 μg, and 300 μg).

^cGMFR range across all administered doses (25 μg, 100 μg, 200 μg, and 300 μg).

GMFR geometric mean fold rise, LNP lipid nanoparticle, nAb neutralizing antibody, N/A not assessed, RSV respiratory syncytial virus.

Supplementary Figures

Supplementary Figure 1. Experimental characterization of RSV F mRNA vaccine candidates.

a The preF conformation of the mRNA-1345 encoded fusion protein was experimentally confirmed by transfecting Expi293T cells with RNA (500 ng per 1 million cells) and staining with a panel of RSV-F monoclonal antibodies 48 hours later followed by flow cytometry. PreF-specific mAbs AM14 (site V, trimer specific), D25 (site Ø), and MPE8 (site III) bind a substantial percentage of cells transfected with mRNA-1345, but bind a much lower percentage of cells transfected with mRNA encoding the native (wild-type) F protein (containing none of the preF-stabilizing mutations). In contrast, postFspecific mAb ADI-14359 (site I) binds the WT F protein, but not the mRNA-1345. Monoclonal antibodies motavizumab (site II) and 101F (site IV), specific for regions of the F protein that are structurally homologous between the preF and postF conformations, bind both mRNA-1345 and WT RSV-F proteins. These results indicate that the F protein encoded by mRNA-1345 is folded in a trimeric, prefusion conformation. b Western blot performed under reducing (R) and non-reducing (NR) conditions, showing the formation of interprotomer disulfide bonds in the preF glycoprotein antigen expressed from mRNA-1345. c Frequency of preF protein-positive cells through 7 days after mRNA transfection, using the antibody D25 and normalized to mock transfection. d Representative fluorescent microscopy images of HeLa cells transfected with mRNA-1172, mRNA-1345, ΔCT_mRNA-1172, and codon mRNA-1172. Images were taken at 24 and 48 hours post-transfection to show surface expression. All images are set to the same scale (63x). Green staining indicates preF protein, and blue staining indicates the cell nucleus. Mean ± standard error of the preF protein expression at 24 hours e and 48 hours f on the cell surface and total expression normalized to mRNA-1172. Dashed line is 100% (i.e., the level for mRNA-1172; other constructs were normalized to mRNA-1172).

Abbreviations: ΔCT deletion of cytoplasmic tail, mAb monoclonal antibody, NR non-reducing, R reducing; RSV respiratory syncytial virus, WT wild-type.

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Supplementary Figure 2. Specificity of serum antibody response in BALB/c mice vaccinated with mRNA-1345 at day 36 (14 days after dose 2). A portion of preF IgG antibodies induced by mRNA-1345 are directed to the antigenic site zero (Ø). Antigenic site Ø specificity was evaluated using RSV F protein with amino acid substitutions K65N-N67T-P205N-V207T-K209N-S211T (site Ø mutation) that create three N-linked glycosylation sites and block the binding of site-specific mAb D25. Serum from mRNA-1345 vaccinated mice does not bind HMPV-A preF protein, demonstrating the specificity of the response.

Abbreviations: IgG immunoglobulin G, *HMPV* human metapneumovirus, *mAb* monoclonal antibody, *MFI* median fluorescent intensity, *preF* prefusion F protein, *PBS* phosphate-buffered saline, *RSV* respiratory syncytial virus.



Supplementary Figure 3. Nose viral titers after RSV challenge post vaccination with mRNA-1345 in cotton rats. Mean ± standard deviation nose viral load 5 days after RSV challenge. Naïve, N=4; all other groups, N=10.

*Single vaccination (day 0); the remaining groups received two doses (days 0 and 28).

Abbreviations: FI formalin-inactivated, LNP lipid nanoparticle, PBS phosphate-buffered saline, RSV respiratory syncytial virus.



Supplementary Figure 4. Post-infection characterization of lung cytokine mRNA profiles in cotton rats vaccinated with different doses of mRNA-1345 or other vaccines. a IL-4. b IL-5. c IL-13. d INFγ. e IL-2.

*Single vaccination (day 0); the remaining groups received two doses (days 0 and 28). *Abbreviations*: *IL* interleukin, *IFNy* interferon gamma, *FI* formalin-inactivated, *LNP* lipid nanoparticle, *PBS* phosphate-buffered saline, *preF* prefusion F protein, *RSV* respiratory syncytial virus.







Supplementary Figure 5. Post-infection lung histopathology in cotton rats vaccinated with different doses of mRNA-1345 or other vaccines. a Alveolitis (cells within the alveolar spaces). b Interstitial Pneumonia (inflammatory cell infiltration and thickening of alveolar walls). c Perivasculitis (inflammatory cell infiltration around the small blood vessels). d Peribronchiolitis (inflammatory cell infiltration around the bronchioles).

*Single vaccination (day 0); the remaining groups received two doses (days 0 and 28).

Abbreviations: FI formalin-inactivated, LNP lipid nanoparticle, PBS phosphate-buffered saline, RSV respiratory syncytial virus.

